

BELYAYEVA, T. M.

Belyayeva, T. M. and Morkovkina, A. G. "Cytohist. ioseopy of urethral discharges in female gonorrhea", Sbornik nauch. trudov (Rost. obl. nauch.-issled. akusherio-ginekol. in-t), Issue 8, 1948, p. 61-67

So: U-3261, 10 April 1953 (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 12, 1949).

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Neuromuscular T
Physiology.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 9, 1958, 41653.

Abstract: experiments demonstrated disturbances of the balance of the macroergic compounds under the effect of the electrical field. It is concluded that, during its early action the electrical field causes a decrease of the macroergic level and that with prolongation of exposure a change in the metabolic processes possibly takes place with compensating effect. The development of rigor at an earlier period, immediately after death, is characteristic.

Card 3/3

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Neuromuscular
Physiology.

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Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 9, 1958, 41653.

Abstract: was determined in the experimental and control animals (placed in identical cages) after the method of L. N. Tank (Fiziol zh SSSR, 1954, 40, No 2, 216) during the same period, but with excluded transformers. The average time of rigor onset after the first exposure was short - 6.0-10.6 min, and in the controls - 23.5-27.0 min. After a third exposure, for periods of 3 hours, the time of rigor onset increased to 15-16.1 min. After 15 exposures, the time of rigor was 20.5 min. The average speed of rigor onset in the experimental animals was 16.1 min. A shorter rigor-onset time was noted in the experimental animals, with a tendency to slowing of rigor with the increase in the number of exposures. All the

Card 2/3

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USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Neuromuscular T
Physiology.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 9, 1958, 41653.

Author : Stroykova, K. V.; Belyayeva, T. I.

Inst : Not Given.

Title : The Effect of High Tension, Low Frequency Electrical Field on the Level of the Macroergic Phosphoric Compounds in the Skeletal Muscle of Warmblooded Animals.

Orig Pub: Fiziol. zh. SSSR, 1957, 43, No 5, 469-472.

Abstract: Mice were placed for a period of 3 hours between 2 lamellar electrodes charged with 60,0000 v. The speed of onset of muscle rigor (after decapitation)

Card 1/3

BELYAYEVA, T.G.

Data on the secretion of corpora cardiaca in caterpillars and adult moths of the Chinese oak silkworm (*Antheraea pernyi*). Dokl. AN SSSR 140 no.3:692-695 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Institut morfologii zhivotnykh im. A.N.Severtsova AN SSSR.
Predstavleno akademikom I.I.Shmal'gauzenom.
(Insects--Physiology) (Glands)

BELYAYEVA, T.G.

Histochemical study of the secretion of corpora allata in caterpillars of the Chinese tussah moth (*Antheraea pernyi*); polysaccharides. Dokl. AN SSSR 135 no. 2:449-452 N '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Institut morfologii zhivotnykh im. A.N. Severtsova AN SSSR. ¹redstavleno akademikom Ye. N. Pavlovskim.
(Silkworms) (Glycogen) (Glands)

BELYAYEVA, T.G.

Some data on the secretion of corpora allata in caterpillars and adult forms of the Chinese tussah moth (*Antheraea pernyi*). Dokl. AN SSSR 134 no.4:987-990 O '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Institut morfologii zhivotnykh im. A.N. Severtsova Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavleno akad. I.I. Shmal'gauzenom.
(Endocrine glands) (Insecta--Physiology)

BELYAYEVA, T. G.

USSR/Medicine - Experimental morphology

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 47/50

Authors : Belyaeva, T. G.

Title : Replacement of an open wound in the cornea of rabbits with the
embryonal skin

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 100/1, 179-182, Jan. 1, 1955

Abstract : A new method is introduced for the revivification of pathologically
changed cornea. A total of 248 embryonal skin transplant operations
were carried out on rabbits with damaged cornea and the results obtained
are described. Eleven references: 9 USSR, 1 German and 1 English (1915-
1954). Illustrations.

Institution : Acad. of Sc., USSR, The A. N. Severtsov Institute of Animal Morphology

Presented by : A. I. Abrikosov, October 23, 1954

BELYAYEVA, T. G.

23172

USSR/Biology, Medicine - Replacement of Cornea May 52

"Replacement of the Cornea of Adult Rats and Guinea Pigs With Fixed Embryonal Skin," T. G. Belyayeva, Inst of Animal Morphol imeni A. N. Severtsov, Acad Sci USSR

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol 84, No 2, pp 381-384

Compares results achieved by replacing the cornea with fresh embryonal skin and "fixed" embryonal skin (i.e., skin preserved after treatment with formaldehyde and alc). Points out

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that, in contradistinction to fresh skin, fixed skin serves merely as a matrix along which the regenerating tissue grows: the transplantate itself is composed of dead tissue that is gradually resorbed. Nevertheless, fixed skin becomes translucent after transplantation into the eye, just as fresh skin does. Presented by Acad A. I. Abrikosov 13 Mar 52.

23172

BELYAYEVA, T. G.
BELYAEVA, T. G.

USSR/Medicine - Tissue Transplantation

May/Jun 51

"Restoration of the Cornea of Adult Mammals by Replacing it With Embryonal Skin,"
V. V. Popov, T. A. Bednyakova, T. G. Belyaeva, Exptl Embryol Lab imeni Filatov,
Inst of Animal Morphol, Acad Sci USSR, and Chair of Embryol, Moscow State U
imeni Lomonosov

"Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Biol" No 3, pp 3-17

Based work on Popov's expts on adult lower vertebrates, such as amphibia and fish.
Used lab rats for expts. Rat embryos, 13-19 days old served as donors. Obtained best
results with transplantations of skin from embryo 15-17 days old. Carried out total of
217 transplatations. Transplatate does not grow into skin, but always develops into
cornea, exactly as had been demonstrated in expts conducted on lower vertebrates.

186T70

same article title and authors, Dokl. Ak. Nauk SSSR, 77, No. 3, p. 529-32, 1951

BELYAYEVA, T. G.

Cand Biolog Sci

Dissertation: "Experimentally-Morphological and Hystological Investigations
of the Cornea of Amphibia." 2h/1/50

Moscow Regional Pedagogical Inst

SO Vecheryaya Moskva
Sum 71

L 09442-67

ACC NR: AT6024068

It is proved that under certain assumptions in addition to conditions (2) and (3), the system of indirect control

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = Ax + a\varphi(\sigma), \\ \dot{\sigma} = [a_0 + \alpha(t)] b^* x - p\varphi(\sigma), \quad p > 0. \end{cases}$$

is in its trivial solution stable as a whole. Orig. art. has: 35 formulas.

SUB CODE: 12/ SUBM DATE: 16Apr63/ ORIG REF: 005

Card 2/2 *plw*

I. 00442-67 EMP(d)/EMP(v)/EMP(k)/EMP(h)/EMP(l)

ACC NR: AT6024068

SOURCE CODE: UR/2944/66/000/003/0070/0075

AUTHOR: Belyayeva, T. B.

ORG: none

TITLE: Stability conditions for automatic control systems with variable parameters

SOURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Kafedra vychislitel'noy matematiki i Vychislitel'nyy tsentr. Metody vychisleniy, no. 3, 1966, 70-75

TOPIC TAGS: automatic regulation, stability condition, linear differential equation

ABSTRACT: Stability conditions are given for the system

$$\dot{z} = Pz + q\varphi(\sigma), \quad \sigma = [\alpha_0 + \alpha(t)] r^* z, \quad (1)$$

as follows:

$$\alpha_0 > 0, \quad 0 < \alpha(t) \leq \alpha_1; \quad (2)$$

$$0 < \frac{\varphi(\sigma)}{\sigma} \leq \mu_0 \quad (\sigma \neq 0, \mu_0 < +\infty). \quad (3)$$

It is concluded that (1) is absolutely stable if the spectrum of matrix P lies in the left half-plane and if the following holds:

$$\frac{1}{(\alpha_0 + \alpha_1)\mu_0} + \operatorname{Re}((P - i\omega I)^{-1} q, r) > 0, \quad \omega > 0.$$

Card 1/2

BELYAYEVA, T.B.; ZALGALLER, V.A.

Formulation of the theory of envelopes; a methodological note.
Usp. mat. nauk 18 no.5:137-149 S-O '63. (MIRA 16:12)

BUKAYEVA, N. L., TROFIMOVA, A. A., VOZNESEKAYA, G. I.

"A zoologo-parasitological description of the foci of hemorrhagic nephroso-nephritis in the city of Khabarovsk and its outskirts," n. 122

Desyatye soveshchaniya po parazitologicheskim problemam i prirodnoochaynym bolezniam. 22-29 Oktobra 1959 g. (Tenth Conference on Parasitological Problems and Diseases with Natural Foci 22-29 October 1959), Moscow-Leningrad, 1959, Academy of Medical Science USSR and Academy of US R, No. 1 264pp.

BELYAYEVA, R.A.

Evaluation of the state of the blood circulatory system in
mitral stenosis based on gas exchange data. Terap. arkh. 35
no.5:60-65 My'63 (MIRA 16:12)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy terapevticheskoy kliniki Voronezhskogo
meditsinskogo instituta (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - prof. M.N.
Tumanovskiy).

BELYAYEVA, R.A.

Development of invention and innovation at the enterprises
of the Administration of the Furniture and Woodworking
Industries of the Leningrad Economic Council. Nauch. trudy
LTA no.99:145-156 '62. (MIRA 17:1)

KRISTER, E.E., dotsent; BELYAYEVA, O.N.; GOLDINA, V.V.; GURSKAYA, T.K.;
LESHCHENKO, A.I. (Kiyev)

Coronary insufficiency in people engaged in mental work. Klin.med.
no.12:3-6 '61. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Iz otdela funktsional'noy patologii (zav. - dotsent E.E.
Krister) Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta klini-
cheskoy meditsiny imeni akad. N.D. Strazhesko (dir. - zasluzhennyy
deyatel' nauki prof. A.L. Mikhnev).
(CORONARY HEART DISEASE)

GANAGO, F.M., kand. med. nauk; Prinsipalni uchastiyets: ALEKSEYEVA, R.M.,
vrach (Sverdlovsk); AYZENSHTeyN, B.S., vrach (Sverdlovsk);
BABINOVA, G.D., vrach (Sverdlovsk); BOROVITSKAYA, L.M., vrach
(Sverdlovsk); VARGANOVA, M.V., vrach (Sverdlovsk); KOPYLOVA,
K.P., vrach (Sverdlovsk); SOKOLOVA, O.V., vrach (Sverdlovsk);
SHEVTSOVA, R.P., vrach (Sverdlovsk); SHELOMOVA, I.M., vrach
(Sverdlovsk); BYKHOVSKAYA, M.A., vrach (Revda); BELYAYEVA,
N.Ya., vrach (Magnitogorsk); KRUGLOVA, N.A., vrach (Kurgan);
NIKIFOROVA, F.N., vrach (Kurgan); MITINA, O.A., vrach (Asbest);
PORKHOVNIKOVA, E.D., vrach (Ufa); PONOMAREVA, N.I., vrach
(Orenburg); RASSOSHNYKH, G.F., vrach (Perm'); SAZANOVA, V.V.,
vrach (Izhevsk)

Chemoprophylaxis of tuberculosis in children and adolescents
in foci of tuberculous infection. Probl. tub. 42 no. 1:6-11
'64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Detskoye otdeleniye (zav. F.M. Ganago) Sverdlovskogo insti-
tuta tuberkuleza (dir. - prof. I.A. Shakhsin) (for Ganago).

BELYAYEVA, N.V.; SAIDOVA, Kh.M.

Correlation of benthonic and planktonic Foraminifera in the
surface layer of the sediments of the Pacific Ocean. Okeano-
logiia 5 no.6:1010-1014 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut okeanologii AN SSSR.

63793-63

ACCESSION NR. AP500194

with adhesive compositions containing isocyanates is recommended for the manufacture of materials obtained by spreading. In the production of triphenylmethane trisocyanate, the solvent dichloroethane should be replaced by methylene chloride. Orig. art. has 6 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut rezinovykh promyshlennosti (Scientific Research Institute of the Rubber Industry)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE:

NO REF BOM: 004

OTHER: 011

Cord. 2/2

51
27
E

141

443

4430

68-
of p10-

APROSINA, Z.G., kand.med.nauk; BELYAYEVA, N.V.

Treatment of lymphogranulomatosis with butadion. Sov.med. 23
no.1:119-124 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey i gospi'tal'noy terapii (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof.Ye.M. Tareyev) sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'teta I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.M. Sechenova na baze 24-y Gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach V.P. Uspenskiy).

(HODGKIN'S DISEASE, ther.
phenylbutazone (Rus))

(PHENYLBUTAZONE, ther. use
Hodgkin's dis. (Rus))

BELYAYEVA, N.V., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Hematological syndromes in intolerance to drugs." Mos, 1958, 14 pp
(First Mos Order of Lenin Med Inst im I.M. Sechenov)
200 copies (KL, 23-58, 111)

БЕЛЫЯЕВА, Н.В.
BELYAYEVA, N.V.

Aplastic anemia and agranulocytosis in synthomycin therapy. Sov.
med. 21 no.8:112-122 Ag '57. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Iz propedevticheskoy i gospi'tal'noy kliniki (dir. - deystvitel'-
nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR prof. Ye.M.Tareyev)
Sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'teta I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina
meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.M.Sechenova.

(CHLORAMPHENICOL, inj. eff.

agranulocytosis & aplastic anemia (Rus))

(ANEMIA, APLASTIC, etiol. & pathogen.

chloramphenicol ther. (Rus))

(AGRANULOCYTOSIS, etiol. & pathogen.

same)

BELYAYEVA, N.V.; KANEVSKAYA, T.S.

Acute hemolytic reaction (hemaglobinuria fever) in therapy with streptocide. Sov.med.19 no.9:48-51 S '55. (MLRA 8:12)

1. Iz gospi'tal'noy i propedev'ticheskoy terapevticheskoy kliniki (dir.-deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR prof. Ye. M. Tareyev) sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'teta I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta i detskoy bol'nitsy Moskovsko-Kursko-Donbasskoy zheleznoy dorogi (nachal'nik A.N.Galkina)

(SULFANILAMIDE, injurious effects,
anemia, hemolytic, with hemoglobinuria)

(HEMOGLOBINURIA, etiology and pathogenesis
sulfanilamide, allergic reaction)

(ANEMIA, HEMOLYTIC, etiology and pathogenesis
sulfanilamide, allergic reaction)

(ALLERGY,
to sulfanilamide, causing hemolytic anemia with hemo-
globinuria)

BELYATEVA, N.V.

Relapsing agranulocytosis. Sovet med. 17 no. 12:3-6 Dec 1953.
(GIML 25:5)

1. Of the Hospital and Propedeutic Therapeutic Clinic (Director ---
Prof. Ye. M. Tareyev, Active Member AMS USSR) of the Sanitary-
Hygienic Faculty of First Moscow Order of Lenin Medical Institute.

BELYAYEVA, N.V.

Distribution of plankton foraminifers in the waters and the
bottom of the Indian Ocean. Izv. Inst. okean. 63:12-83 '64.
(MIRA 17:6)

BELYAYOVA, N.V.

Distribution of plankton foraminifers on the bottom of the
Indian Ocean. Vop. mikropaleont. no. 7: 204-207 (1961),
(MIRA 17:10)

1. Institut okeanologii AN SSSR.

BELYAYEVA, N. V.

Dissertation defended in the Geological Institute for the academic degree of Candidate of Geologo-Mineralogical Sciences:

"Distribution of Plankton Foraminifers in the Waters and Sediments of the Indian Ocean."

Vestnik Akad Nauk, NO. 4, 1963, pp 119-145

BELYAYEVA, N.V.

Distribution of plankton Foraminifera in the waters of the Indian Ocean. Izv. MOIP. Otd.geol. 37 no.3:98-101 My-Je '62.

(Indian Ocean--Foraminifera)

(MIRA 15:10)

HELYAYEVA, N.V.

Ecology of planktonic Foraminifera in the Indian Ocean. Biul.MOIP.
Otd.geol. 36 no.6:122-123 N-D '61. (MIRA 15:7)
(Indian Ocean-Foraminifera, Fossil)

S/026/62/000/008/005/005
EC50/D113

AUTHOR: Belyayeva, N.V.

TITLE: Foraminifera generate chemical elements

PERIODICAL: Priroda, no. 8, 1962, 118-119

TEXT: The occurrence, geological role, chemical composition, etc. of foraminifera is described. By concentrating Fe, Mn, Si, Al, V, Sr, and TR (rare elements) in their shells, the foraminifera increase after sedimentation the content of these elements on the ocean bed. At depths over 4,500-4,700 m, the intense solution of foraminifera shells and the isomorphic calcite admixtures of these shells form a compound, thus considerably increasing the concentration of the a/m elements in benthic waters. Under certain conditions, a part of these elements precipitates and consequently deep-water red clay sections containing an increased amount of these elements can be found. This process may even lead to the formation of deposits (ferromanganese concretions, possibly Sr, TR, etc.). Thus, planktonic foraminifera play an essential role in the generation of many chemical elements in the ocean, particularly in the concentration of these elements at the bottom of deep-water oceanic sedimentations.

Card 1/2

S/138/60/000/012/003/009
A051/A027

Methylethyl Ether in the Products of Divinyl Production Using S.V. Lebedev's Method

Содержание дивинила в смеси до введения эфира, %	Содержание метил- этилового эфира в смеси, %	Выход полимера, % к дивинилу	Пластич- ность	Физико-механические показатели вулканиза- тов (продолжитель- ность вулканизации 40 мин.)		
				сопро- тивле- ние раз- рыву кг/см ²	относи- тельное удлине- ние, %	оста- точное удлине- ние, %
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
61,9	0	84,5	0,42	199	598	32
64,0	3	83,6	0,53	175	690	40
64,2	0	76,0	0,54	173	683	41
64,2	3	86,0	0,67	153	720	52
65,3	0	82,1	0,49	171	607	36
66,3	3	89,5	0,55	183	663	49

Card 5/5

S/138/60/000/012/003/009
A051/A027

Methylethyl Ether in the Products of Divinyl Production Using S.V. Lebedev's Method

methylethyl ether on the polymerization of the divinyl-rectificate revealed that methylethyl ether has a regulating effect. Contrary to other compounds its effect on the length of the molecular chain is apparent without lowering the rate of polymerization (Table 1). There is 1 table and 8 references: 7 Soviet, 1 English.

Table: Effect of methylethyl ether on the polymerization process of divinyl in laboratory autoclaves. ① divinyl content in the mixture prior to adding the ether, %; ② methylethyl ether content in the mixture, %; ③ polymer yield % to divinyl; ④ plasticity; ⑤ physico-mechanical indices of the vulcanizates (length of vulcanization process 40 min.); ⑥ tear resistance kg/cm²; ⑦ relative elongation, %; ⑧ residual elongation, %.

S/138/60/000/012/003/009
A051/A027

Methylethyl Ether in the Products of Divinyl Production Using S.V. Lebedev's Method

(Ref.7). It was found to be 150-170°C. Solubility was determined at 0°C. It was found that 16.3 g of the substance dissolves in 100 g of water. It was concluded on the basis of data obtained that the compound formed is methylethyl ether. It is assumed that its formation takes place as a result of incomplete dehydration of the methyl and ethyl alcohols on S.V. Lebedev's catalyst according to the following reaction: $\text{CH}_3\text{OH} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{OC}_2\text{H}_5 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$.

The quantity of fractions boiling at 80°C in the vat residues is 2 - 2.4 %. The presence of the methylethyl ether in the vat residues led to the conclusion that its presence in the divinyl-rectificate is possible in small quantities. The possibility of separating methylethyl ether from the divinyl-rectificate according to the existing method was investigated. In view of the closeness of the distillation temperature and the boiling point of the methylethyl ether present in the divinyl-rectificate the latter can hardly be determined in the form of a residue. Thus, the existing method can not be applied. An investigation of the effect of the presence of

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S/138/60/000/012/003/009
A051/A027

Methylethyl Ether in the Products of Divinyl Production Using S.V. Lebedev's Method.

7-8°C boiling point fraction were investigated. It was found that the specific gravity (found with a dilatometer at 0°C) was $d_4^0 = 0.7232$. The molecular weight found with a Mayer and Konovalov instrument over mercury was $M=60.6$. Computed value is $M=60.1$. The boiling point determined according to the Smith and Menzies method was found to be 7.8°C at normal pressure. The qualitative analysis by combustion over copper oxide showed the compound to contain: C-59.84% and H-13.2% (computed values C-60.00%, H-13.3%). Refractive index (according to the Abbe refractometer) was $n_D = 1.3440$. The molecular refraction from these data was found to $MR = 17.5$ (computed value $MR = 17.7$). The qualitative analysis of the alkoxy groups was carried out according to the Zeisel method. A positive reaction was obtained when heating the investigated compound with hydrogen-iodide acid. The characteristic property of the simple ethers is the ability to self-ignite at a considerably lower temperature as compared to other compounds. The self-ignition temperature of the produced compound was determined by

Card 2/5

S/138/60/000/012/003/009
A051/A027

AUTHORS: Vinogradov, P.A., Belyayeva, N.V.

TITLE: Methylethyl Ether in the Products of Divinyl Production Using
S.V. Lebedev's Method

PERIODICAL: Kauchuk i rezina, 1960, No.12, pp. 7-8

TEXT: The commercial ether fraction (boiling point 33°C) produced in the manufacture of divinyl according to S.V. Lebedev's method was investigated. A compound was separated out resembling methylethyl ether in its properties. The investigation was conducted on the fraction separated out in the rectification of commercial ether on an industrial rectification column. The commercial ether fraction had the following characteristics: temperature of the first drop, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ - 20.4, quantity of the fraction with a boiling point below 33°C , % - 98.0, quantity of carbonyl compounds (calculated on acetic aldehyde), % - 2.5, quantity of unsaturated compounds, % - 4.2. The results of the fractional distillation are given in volume%: for the quantity of fractions with a boiling point = $7-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ - 34.4, boiling point = $8-30^{\circ}\text{C}$ - 10.0, residue - 52.0, losses - 3.6. The properties of the

Card 1/5

BELIYANOV P. A.

Changes in the embryo sac and tissues of the cotton seed bud following fertilization. Izv. AN Truk. SSR, Ser. biol. nauk no. 4:3-10 '65. (MJRA 16:9)

1. Institut botaniki AN Turkmenskoy SSR.

BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Zoological and parasitological characteristics of a natural
focus of tularemia in Khabarovsk Territory. Med. paraz. i
paraz. bol. 32 no.6:740-741 N-D '63 (MIRA 18:1)

NIKIFOROV, Yu.L.; BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Concerning M.I. Vlasova's article. Tsitologiya 5 no.6,
705-706 N-D '63. (MIRA 12:70)

BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Fertilization in the cotton plant. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol.
nauk no.5:39-45 '63. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Institut botaniki AN Turkmeneskoy SSR.

ABUSHKEVICH, P.V.; BELYAYEVA, N.S.; KULIKOV, I.A.; LEV, M.I.; MAZURIN, N.D.

Natural tularemia foci in Khabarovsk Territory. Zhur. mikrobiol.
epid. i immun. 40 no.5:48-51. My '63. (MIRA 17:6)

BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Cytochemical study of the maturation process of the developed
embryo sac in the cotton plant. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol.
nauk no.3:27-34 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Institut botaniki AN Turkmenskoy SSR.

KALMYKOVA, A.D.; ANTIP'YEVA, O.A.; TIMOFYEVA, A.A.; KOZLOVSKAYA, O.L.;
BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Epidemiology of infectious hemorrhagic nephrosonephritis in
Khabarovsk. Izv.Irk.gos.nauch.-issl.protivochum.inst. 20:
161-169 '59. (MIRA 13:7)
(Khabarovsk--KIDNEYS--DISEASES)

BELIAYEVA, N.S.

Brief communication on fleas among rodents from the vicinity
of Sovetskaya Gavan. Izv.Irk.gos.nauch.-issl.protivochum.inst.
17:131-133 '58. (MIRA 13:7)
(SOVIETSKAYA GAVAN--FLEAS) (PARASITES--RODENTS)

BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Rate of resettlement of rodents in buildings following selective
deratization. Izv.Irk.gos.nauch.-issl.protivozhum.inst. 16:224-
227 '57. (MIRA 13:7)

(RODENT CONTROL) (ANIMAL POPULATIONS)

RYZHUK, T.I.; BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Materials on the fleas of populated areas along the middle
course of the Amur River. Izv.Irk.gos.nauch.-issl.protivochum.
inst. 16:208-216 '57. (MIRA 13:7)
(AMUR RIVER--FLEAS)

BELYAYEVA N.S.

RYZHIK, T.I.; BELYAYEVA, N.S.

Material on fleas living in houses and on house rodents and domestic
animals in the Amur River region. Tez.i dokl.konf.Irk.gos.nauch.-
issl.protivochum.inst. no.1:35-36 '55. (MIRA 11:3)
(AMUR VALLEY--FLEAS) (HOUSEHOLD PESTS)

~~BELYAYEVA, N.S.~~

General rat extermination in one of the cities of the Far East.
Tez.i dokl.konf.Irk.gos.nauch.-issl.protivochum.inst. no.1:5-6 '55.
(RATS--EXTERMINATION) (MIRA 11:3)

BELYNKOVA, N.S.
NEKIPLOV, N.V.; BELYAYEVA, N.S.; SHKILEV, V.V.

Characteristics of changes in murine rodent numbers in regions along
the southern border of Maritime and Khabarovsk Territories. Izv. Irk.
gos. protivochum. inst. 12:191-206 '54. (MIRA 10:12)
(Khabarovsk Territory--MICE)
(Maritime Territory--MICE)

BELYAYEVA, N.S.

A new species of forest vole, *Clethrionomys rjabovi* sp.nov.
from Eastern Siberia. *Biul.MOIP Otd.biol.* 58 no.6:17-20 '53.
(MLRA 7:1)
(Siberia, Eastern--Field mice) (Field mice--Siberia, Eastern)

FRIDMAN, S.D.; KLEVKE, V.A.; BELYAYEVA, N.N.; KIRINDASOVA, R.Ya.;
SVESHNIKOVA, V.S.; Prinsipali uchastiyev: AKIMOVA, M.D.;
FUTORYANSKAYA, M.Ya.

Condensation of urea with formaldehyde for the production of
fertilizers with slowly assimilable nitrogen. Zhur. prikl.
khim. 38 no.5:1091-1097 My '65. (MIRA 18:11)

BADUSOV, A.A.; BELIAYEVA, N.P.; MALYUKOVA, N.P.

How we increased the indices of mechanical strength of
woodpulp. Bum. prom. 36 no.12:15-16 D '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Syas'skiy kombinat.
(Syas' region--Woodpulp)

SIDORENKO, L.R.; LEONT'YEVA, M.P., inzh.; BELIAYEVA, N.P., inzh.

Experience in operating "Jensen-Lindgren" screens.
Bum.prom. 35 no.7:19 Je '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Glavnyy inzhener Syas'skogo kombinata (for Sidorenko).
(Woodpulp)

BELYAYEVA, N.N.; DEMYANOVSKIY, S.Ya.; MAMED-NIYAZOV, A.N.;
TUGUSHEVA, Kh.N.

Chemical composition of leaves of the Khasak mulberry from
the Bayram-Ali region of the Turkmen S.S.R. Uch. zap. MGPI
140:55-61 '58. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Iz laboratorii organicheskoy i biologicheskoy khimii
Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo pedagogicheskogo instituta
imeni V.I. Lenina.

BELYAYEVA, N.N.; DEMYANOVSKIY, S.Ya.; MEMEDNIYAZOV, O.N.; TUGUSHEVA, Kh.N.

Chemical composition of leaves of the khasak mulberry from Bairam-Ali District of the Turkmen S.S.R. Izv. AN Turk. SSR no.5:46-51
'58. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Prezidium AN Turkmenskoy SSR i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut im. V.I. Lenina.
(Bairam-Ali District--Mulberry)

BELYAYEVA, N. N., Cand of Med Sci — (diss) "The Problem of Growth Morphology of the Human Liver in the Post-Natal Period," Frunze, 1957, 15 pp (Kirgiz State Medical Institute) (KL, 8-60, 119)

MIKHAYLOV, V.Ya.; Primali uchastiye: DMITRIYEV, V.K.; BELYAYEVA, N.M.;
KULAKOVA, T.A.; SHAROVA, T.V.

Study of deformations of aerial films. Trudy TSNIIGAIK no.142:
97-122 '61. (MIRA 15:8)

(Photography--Films)

BELYAYEVA, N.M.

Clinical course of epidemic hepatitis combined with peptic ulcer.
Sov.med. 25 no.5:59-65 My '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz kliniki infektsionnykh bolezney (zav. kafedroy S.L.Erez)
Donetskogo meditsinskogo instituta na baze Oblastnoy klinicheskoy
bol'nitsy imeni Kalinina (glavnyy vrach B.A.Shaparenko).
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS) (PEPTIC ULCER)

TR. BELYAYEVA, N. M.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 12 Vol 13/7 Ophthalmology July 59

(S)

1058. SOME INDICES OF THE DECREASE IN INCIDENCE OF TRACHOMA CASES IN THE KAZAKH REPUBLIC (Russian text) - Belyaeva N. M.
- SBORN. TRUD. KAZ. INST. GLAZ. BOLEZ. I KAF. GLAZ. BOLEZ. MED. INST. (Alma-Ata) 1957 (59-63)

According to the 1956 data, the percentage of new trachoma cases amounts to 5.2, as against 48.6 in the years 1927-1931. There was 1.5% trachoma incidence among schoolchildren in 1937, and 0.3% in 1956; the proportion of new trachoma cases among them decreased 17.5 times (2.9% as against 51%). Trachoma patients (in relation to the number of examined patients) amounted in the Kokchetavsk region to 13.6% in 1927 and 0.2% in 1957. Trachoma incidence in the Chiliksk region reached 27.5% in 1932; it decreased to 2.9% in 1943; trachoma has now been completely eradicated. Trachoma incidence in the Makinsk region amounted to 8.9% in 1940, 1% in 1948, and 0.5% in 1954. Trachoma incidence decreased from 6% in 1940 to 0.5% in 1953 in the Kalinin region of the same district.

(S)

KRASICHKOVA, K.N.; BELYAYEVA, N.M., direktor; ROSHCHIN, V.P., professor, nauchnyy rukovoditel.

Water fever (leptospirosis without jaundice) as etiologic factor in diseases of the uveal tract. Vest.oft. 32 no.3:23-26 My-Je '53. (MLRA 6:8)

1. Institut glaznykh bolezney Ministerstva zdравookhraneniya Kazakhskoy SSR.
(Swamp fever) (Eye--Diseases)

BELYAYEVA, N.M.; BROCHNEV, Ya.G.

Methods for the collection of drawings. Videotape. 1 recording.
from 17 no.5:28-29 '64. (P-8: 17:16)

1. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy tekhnicheskii institut.

FILIPPOVICH, Yu. B.; BELYAYEVA, N. N.

Specificity in the biosynthesis of silk fibroin. Dokl. AN SS R
155 no. 2:468-469 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut im.
V. I. Lenina. Predstavleno akademikom N. M. Sisakyanom.

ZAMYSLOVA, K.N.; BELYAYEVA, N.K.

Combination of hypertension and atherosclerosis. Trudy Inst.
klin. i eksper. kard. AN Gruz. SSR 8:101-105 '63.
(MIRA 17:7)

1. Institut terapii AMN SSSR, Moskva.

SPERANSKIY, I.I.; BELYAYEVA, N.K. (Moskva)

Effect of a hereditary factor on the course of hypertension;
data from a prolonged observation. Klin.med. 38 no.12:29-33
D '60. (MIRA 1442)

1. Iz Instituta terapii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen
AMN SSSR prof. A.L. Myaenikov).
(HYPERTENSION) (HEREDITY OF DISEASE)

KOLOSOV, A.V.; BELYAYEVA, N.K.

Regression in hypertension. Klin.med. 38 no.6:19-24 Je '60.
(MIRA 13:12)

(HYPERTENSION)

OYFEBAKH, M.I., prof.; BELYAYEVA, N.K.

Differential diagnosis of nonspecific pneumonia. Sov.med. 24
no.3:43-48 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Iz Instituta tuberkuleza AMN SSSR. (dir. - chlen-korrespondent
AMN SSSR prof. N.A. Shmelev).
(PNEUMONIA)

BELYAYEVA, N.K., kand. med. nauk

Professor V. A. Vorob'ev. Probl. tub. 36 no.8:85-92 '58 (MIRA 12:7)

1. Iz Instituta tuberkuleza AMN SSS⁴ (dir. Z. A. Lebedeva).
(VOROB'EV, VIKTOR ALEKSANDROVICH, 1864-1951)

USSR/Pharmacology and Toxicology - Cardiovascular Agents.

V-6

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 21, 1958, 98541

Author : Kolosov, A.V., Belyayeva, H.K., Bitkova, S.I.

Inst : -

Title : Prolonged Treatment of Patients with Hypertensive Disease
by Reserpine (Serpasil) in Polyclinic Conditions.

Orig Pub : Klinich. meditsina, 1958, 36, No 3, 58-65.

Abstract : Treatment of 180 patients with hypertensive disease by reserpine (I) was conducted in polyclinic conditions. The treatment with I was started with small doses (0.2-0.4 mg every 24 hours). With the absence of effect, the dosage of I was increased to 0.75 mg, and with a number of patients, to 1.5 mg. I has to be prescribed for a long time and without interruption, since interruption of treatment is accompanied by considerable increase of arterial pressure and worsening of general condition of the patient. Prolonged ambulatory treatment with I of 50% of

Card 1/2

BELYAYEVA, N.K.; SPIVAK, G.L.

Importance of observing a regimen of special employment in
hypertensive disease. Sov.med. 22 no.2:38-44 F '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz Instituta terapii (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii
meditsinskikh nauk SSSR prof. A.L.Myasnikov) Akademii meditsinskikh
nauk SSSR.

(HYPERTENSION, ther.

value of maintenance of regime & occup. (Rus))

BELYAYEVA, N.K.

Dispensary treatment of hypertension patients at the factory and
the carrying out of prophylactic measures. Gip.bol. no.5 :184-
195 '58. (MIRA 13:5)

(HYPERTENSION)

BELYAYEVA, N.K. (Moskva)

Arterial blood pressure and the extent of hypertension among
workers in the rubber industry. Gig.truda i prof.zab. 2 no.2:8-12
Mr-Ap'58 (MIRA 11:6)

1. Institut terapii AMN SSSR.
(RUBBER INDUSTRY WORKERS--DISEASES AND HYGIENE)
(BLOOD PRESSURE)

BELYAYEVA, N. K.

BELYAYEVA, N. K.: "The blood pressure level, the distribution of hypertonic disease, and therapeutic-prophylactic measures in combatting it among workers in the rubber industry." Acad Med Sci USSR. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences)

Source: Knizhnaya letopis' No. 28 1956 Moscow

ILLEGIBLE

BELYAYEVA, N.K.; BITKOVA, S.I.

Significance of day and night factory infirmaries in the treatment and prevention of hypertension. Klin. med. 32 no.10:53-57 O '54.
(MLRA 8:1)

1. Iz Instituta terapii AMN SSSR (dir. deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.L.Myasnikov) .
(HYPERTENSION, prevention and control,
in Russia)

BEIYAYEVA, N.F.

34180. Effektivnost' Frenikoalkogolizatsii pri tuberkuleze legkikh.
Byulleten' In-ta tuberkuleza Akad. Med. nauk SSSR, 1949, No 2,
s. 5-13

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis' No 6., 1955

BELYAYEVA, N. K. and GORITSKAYA, V. V.

"Experience in Whitewashing Rooms With Preparations of Pentachlorine to Control Winged [Adult] Mosquitoes", Med. Paraz. i paraz. Bolez., Vol. 17, No. 1, pp 30-32, 1948.

BELYAYEVA, N.I.; ANTIPOV-KARATAYEV, I.M.

Sources of exchange aluminum in soils as the cause of their exchange acidity. Koll.zhur. 25 no.6:639-641 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Institut pochvovedeniya imeni V.V.Dokuchayeva, Moskva.

VOLOSHINA, R.I.; BELYAYEVA, N.I.

New fabrics made by the Bryansk Woolen and Worsted Combine.
Tekst. prom. 23 no.10:46-50 0 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Nachal'nik dessinatorskoy masterskoy Bryanskogo kamvol'nogo kombinata (for Voloshina). 2. Zaveduyushchiy khimicheskoy laboratoriyey Bryanskogo kamvol'nogo kombinata (for Belyayeva).

BELYAYEVA, N. I.; Prinimala uchastiye: PANTELEYEVA, G. P.

Colorimetric determination of silicic acid in oxalate
extractions by Tamm's method. Pochvovedenie no.7:104-107
Jl '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Pochvennyy institut imeni V. V. Dokuchayeva.

(Soils--Analysis) (Silicic acid)

BELYAYEVA, N.I.

On the role of the nervous system in the regulation of glucokinase activity muscles. Biokhimiia 26 no.3:412-419 My-Je '61.

(MIRA 1416)

1. Biochemical Department, Institute of Experimental Medicine,
Academy of Medical Sciences of the U.S.S.R., Leningrad.
(GLUCOKINASE) (MUSCLE) (NERVES)

BELYAYEVA, N. I., CAND BIO SCI, ^M PARTICIPATION OF THE
NERVOUS SYSTEM IN REGULATING THE ACTIVITY OF HEXOKINASE
OF MUSCULAR TISSUE. ^{//} LENINGRAD, 1960. (FIRST LENINGRAD
MED INST IN ACAD I. P. PAVLOV). (KL, 2-61, 203).

CHERNOV, V.A.; BELIYAYEVA, N.I.; DOBRITSKAYA, Yu.I.

Composition and adsorption capacity of colloidal fractions
isolated from Podzolic soils by means of a supercentrifuge. Poch-
vovedenie no.8:51-56 Ag '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Pochvennyy institut im. V.V.Dokuchayeva AN SSSR.
(Soil colloids)

BELYAYEVA, N. I.

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry - Surface phenomena. Adsorption. B-13
Chromatography. Ion exchange.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 30224

Author : Chernov V. A., Belyayeva N. I., Maksimova V. S.

Inst : Academy of Sciences USSR

Title : Rate of the Reaction of Replacement of Hydrogen Ions Absorbed in
Clay by Aluminum Ions

Orig Pub: Dokl. AN SSSR, 1956, 110, No 5, 849-851

Abstract: Acidity of krasnozem and most podzol soils is due, essentially, to absorbed Al^{3+} ions, whereas the H^+ -forms of soil are unstable under natural conditions since H^+ is readily replaced by Al^{3+} . A determination has been made of the kinetics of this substitution process and of the effect of the temperature on it, in specimens of clay (ascangel) having a high cation absorption capacity. Samples of clay were treated with 1.0 N solution of HCl, and thereafter, following washing, with 1.0 N KCl. In the filtrate were determined total acidity, pH and amount of Al^{3+} . It is assumed that only that

Card : 1/2

-30-

USSR/Soil Science. Physical and Chemical Properties of Soils. I-2

Abs Jour: Referat.Zh.Biol., No. 126, 25 Aug, 1957, 69025

Abstract: the moment washing of excess free acid from the samples begins. In interaction with the soil HCl in solution transfers some Al ions; thereupon the soil can absorb from the solution not only H ions, but also Al ions. The work was done in Soils institute, Acad.Sci. USSR.

Card 2/2

- 24 -

Belyaeva, N.I.
 USSR/Soil Science. Physical and Chemical Properties of Soils. I-2

Abs Jour: Referat.Zh.Biol., No. 126, 25 Aug. 1957, 69025

Author : Chernov, V.A., *Belyaeva, N.I.*

Inst :

Title : On the Reaction Rate of Substitution of Hydrogen Ions
 Absorbed in Soils by Aluminum Ions.

Orig Pub: Dokl. AN SSSR, 1956, 110, No. 4, 658-660

Abstract: From samples of turfy podzol soil, taken from levels
 A₁, A₂, and B, absorbed bases were removed by treatment
 with 0.05 N HCl and by electrodialysis. After holding
 the soil samples in a moist state for varying periods,
 they were treated with 1 N KCl, in the filtrates of
 which the total titratable acidity was determined, as
 well as the pH and Al content. The displacement of
 42-61% of H ions from the sum of H + Al found is ex-
 plained by the fact that in the soil saturated by H
 ions, the latter are replaced by aluminum ions from

Card 1/2

*Pochvennyy institut im. V.V. Dokuchayeva
 Akademii nauk SSSR.*

BELYAYEVA, N. I.

Belyayeva, N. I. -- "Influence of Mineral Feeding on the Metabolism of Nitrogen, Calcium, and Phosphorous among Reindeer." Min Higher Education USSR, Leningrad Agricultural Inst, Leningrad, 1955 (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 23, Moscow, Jun 55, pp 87-104

BELYAYEVA, N.I.

Comparison of the absorptive energy of the ions of hydrogen, trivalent aluminum, calcium, and ammonia in red and black soils.
Pochvovedenie no. 6, 1952

04

15

THE NATURE OF SOIL ACIDITY. V. A. Chernov and N. I. Belyaeva. *Podology* (U.S.S.R.) 1946, 501 000 (in Russian).—Red loams (krasnozemy), podzolic soils, humic acid, ascaric acid, and kaolinite were tested for their capacity of keeping adsorbed Ca in the presence of H or Al. The results show that Al is more effective in replacing Ca than H. As the adsorbent becomes more basic, more Al is sorbed. To demonstrate the exchangeability of Al some podzolized soils were treated with Al salts, the excess removed and the adsorbed Al replaced with KCl. It is pointed out that in acid soil the Ca is replaced by Al.

I. S. Joffe

ASM-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

BELYAYEVA, N. I. (USSR)

"The Role of the Nervous System in the Regulation of Phosphorylation
Processes in Muscles."

Report presented at the 5th Int'l. Biochemistry Congress,
Moscow, 10-16 Aug 1961.

Bactericidal action of chlorine in short contact (with water) when introduced in front of the pump. N. G.

Belyaeva, *Vodasnaobshchestva i Sanit. Tekh.* 13, No. 5, 62-7 (1968). *Khim. Referat. Zhur.* 2, No. 1, 86 (1969).—An excess of 0.8 mg./l. Cl was added instead of the usual 0.5 mg./l. directly in front of the pump so as to make the time of contact 4-5 min. Although the bacteriol. analyses showed pos. results the results were unreliable because 1-3 hrs. had elapsed until the samples were analyzed. During this time the residual Cl could have completed the sterilization. Therefore, addnl. parallel analyses with planting of bacteria colonies were performed 7 min. after the chlorination. In some cases the excess Cl has been preliminarily neutralized with $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_5$. No differences in results were found. The following conclusions can be made: chlorination of clear spring water with a dose of 0.8 mg./l. by passing the water with Cl through a centrifugal pump causes a satisfactory bactericidal action in 5 min., and under these conditions the bacterial colonies planted after 1-3 hrs. can serve as a definite proof of the effectiveness of chlorination.

W. R. Henn

AS 554 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

L 38307-66

ACC NR: AP6005017

Data on the generation of brucellosis cultures in herds
raised in brucellosis-inducing conditions.

After vaccination	Year of generation	Percent
1 year	1957	77
2 "	1958	66
3 "	1959	12
4 "	1960	10
5 "	1961	4.3
6 "	1962	0

Fig. 1.

slaughter time. Sheep herds raised in conditions free of brucellosis become immune to the disease if immunized with strain-19. Orig. art. has: 1 table.

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none

Card 2/2 LC

L 38307-66 EWT(1)/T JK

ACC NR: AP6005017

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0346/65/000/011/0023/0024

AUTHORS: Lokteva, E. P. (Candidate of veterinary sciences); Belyayeva, N. A. (Senior research associate)

ORG: Rostov Scientific Research Veterinary Station (Rostovskaya nauchno-issledovatel'skaya veterinarnaya stantsiya)

TITLE: Bacteriological investigation of the materials from sheep vaccinated with strain-19

SOURCE: Veterinariya, no. 11, 1965, 23-24

TOPIC TAGS: animal disease, animal disease therapeutics, vaccine, commercial animal / strain-19 vaccine

ABSTRACT: The lifetime of carriers and the generation of brucellosis in sheep vaccinated with strain-19 were studied in a large sheep breeding station. The study was carried out over a 6-year period (1957--1962) under conditions highly susceptible towards brucellosis. The annual number of stillborn lambs and brucellosis-induced lamb abortion were noted. The experimental results are tabulated (see Fig. 1). It was found that the carrier lifetime in sheep immunized with strain-19, exposed to brucellosis-inducing conditions, was of the order of 5 to 6 years. Because of the prolonged active brucellosis stage it is recommended that sheep suspected of brucellosis and immunized with strain-19 be separated from healthy sheep up to

Card 1/2

UDC: 619:616.981.42-078:636.3

LOKTEVA, F.P., kand. veter. nauk; BELYAYEVA, N.A., starshiy nauchnyy
sotrudnik

Bacteriological study of materials from sheep inoculated with
strain No.19 vaccine. Veterinariia 42 no.11:23-24 N '65.
(MIRA 19:1)

1. Rostovskaya nauchno-issledovatel'skaya veterinarnaya
stantsiya.

BELYAYEVA, N.A.

Addition of iodine chloride to allyl esters of some fatty acids.
Zhur. VKHO 5 no.1:117-118 '60. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Stalingradskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.
(Iodine chloride) (Acids, Fatty)

BELYAYEVA, N. A.:

Belyayeva, N. A.: "The synthesis and investigation of chlor-iodide derivatives of allyl alcohol and its ethers." Moscow Order of Lenin Chemicotechnological Inst imeni D. I. Mendeleev. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Doctor in Chemical Science)

SO: Knizhnaya letopis", No 27, 1956. Moscow. Pages 94-109; 111.

BELYAYEVA, N. A.

"Synthesis and Investigation of the Chlorine Derivatives of Allyl Alcohol and Its Esters." Cand Chem Sci, Stalingrad State Pedagogical Inst, Stalingrad, 1954. (RZhKhim, No 7, Apr 55)

SO: Sum. No. 704, 2 Nov 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (16).

POTEKHINA, L.F., kand.biologicheskikh nauk; BELYAYEVA, M.Ya., aspirant

Discovery of Trichostrongylus axei in beavers. Trudy VIGIS
6:159-159. (MIRA 15:5)
(Byalovezhska Pushcha--Trichostrongylus)
(Parasites--Beavers)